

The Newport Mercury.

VOL. LXXXVIII.

NEWPORT, R. I., SATURDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 17, 1849.

{ NO. 4,530.

THE MERCURY
Published every Saturday morning, by
J. H. BARBER & SON,
At No. 123 Thames Street.

TERMS—Two Dollars per annum, or \$1 75
if payment is made strictly in ADVANCE.

ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding a square
inserted three weeks for \$1, and 17 cents will be
charged for each subsequent insertion, with a
large deduction to those advertising by the year.
As the circulation of this paper is extensive,
business men, and others will of course see the
advantage of making the Mercury one of the
channels of presenting their advertisements to
the public. Those handed in, not marked
with the time they are to run, will be continued
at the option of the Publishers, until stopped by
request, and will be charged accordingly.
No paper discontinued (unless at the discretion
of the Proprietors) until arrearages are paid.

V. B. PATTER, the American Newspaper Agent,
is authorized to take Advertisements, &c., for this
paper, at our rates. His offices are at—Boston,
3 Congress street; New York, Tribune Building;
Philadelphia, N. W. Corner of Third and Chest-
nut streets.

Weekly Almanac.				
FEBRUARY	SUN	SUN	MOON	High
1849.	rises	sets	rises	water
17 SATURDAY,	6 43	5 17	2 31	3 36
18 SUNDAY,	6 42	5 18	3 21	4 25
19 MONDAY,	6 41	5 19	4 9	5 25
20 TUESDAY,	6 39	5 21	4 53	6 5
21 WEDNESDAY,	6 38	5 22	5 34	6 56
22 THURSDAY,	6 37	5 23	6 21	7 25
23 FRIDAY,	6 36	5 24	6 21	8 35

New Moon—22d day, 8th hour, 32 m. evening.

POST OFFICE Arrangement.
MAILS CLOSE.
PROVIDENCE, Daily, 8 A. M.
BOSTON, do do 8 A. M.
FALL RIVER, do do 8 A. M.
NEW YORK, do do 8 A. M. & 7 P. M.
WHEELING, Tuesdays and Fridays, 6 A. M.
NEW SHOREHAM, Fridays, 8 A. M.
Office open till 7 P. M.
JOSEPH JOSLEN, Post Master.

APPLETON'S
Popular and Useful Hand-Books.

GEO. S. APPLETON,
164 Chestnut Street, Swaim's Buildings,
PHILADELPHIA.

HAS just published a series of popular Hand-
Books of Useful Knowledge, in twelve vol-
umes, which should be in the hands of every
Lady and Gentleman throughout the country.—
Each volume contains in a condensed form as
much information as one will find in a stout quar-
ter. The price of these volumes will place them
within the reach of every one, being only 25
cents each. The sale of these works has already
reached 30,000 copies, and the publisher con-
fidently believes that many hundred thousand may
be sold during the present year. The following
are the subjects of which each volume treats:—
ETIQUETTE for Ladies, by an American Lady,
containing valuable hints on Dress and Fashion,
Visits, Music, Dinner Table and General Observa-
tions on the Rules of Life.
ETIQUETTE for Gentlemen, by an American gen-
tleman.

A HAND-BOOK of Conversation and Table talk.
Containing Rules for the attainment of Complete
Success in Society.

LADIES' Crochet Manual. A hand-book of
Crochet, useful and ornamental; containing new
receipts for collars, edgings, caps, polkas, purses,
dresses, napkins, &c.

THE LADIES' Work-Box Companion. A hand-
book of knitting, netting, tatting and Berlin
work, containing entirely new receipts.

A HAND-BOOK of the Toilette; containing am-
ple directions for adding to and preserving the
beauty of the person.

THE FIRESIDE Companion; a hand-book of
Games for evening amusement.

A HAND-BOOK for the Ball room and evening
Parties. Giving directions for dancing all the
known dances including the Polka, Mazourka, the
Redowa, &c.—illustrated with engravings.

THE CHESS PLAYERS' Hand-Book. Contain-
ing a full account of the best mode of playing
the game.

THE HAND-BOOK of Whist—containing the
Laws as laid down by the latest Authorities, and
concise rules for playing all kinds of Whist at
every stage of the game.

THE LOVER'S Companion, a hand-book of
Courtship and Marriage; containing complete di-
rections for young Ladies and young Gentlemen.

THE MARRIAGE Looking Glass; a hand-book
for newly-married Couples. By the Rev. S. C.
Boone.

The space of an ordinary advertisement is too
limited to give more than the titles of the above
elegant manuals. They will be found to contain
information useful to every member of the human
family. The press throughout the country have
given warm commendations of the merits of each
volume which the Publisher intends publishing
at the end of each work. The books are bound
in fancy muslin with gilt sides and edges, many
of them being elegantly illustrated.

Persons at a distance can have any one of
these volumes forwarded by mail by remitting 25
cents. Five will be furnished for \$1—and the
complete set of 12 for \$2. The letters enclosing
remittances must in all cases be PRE PAID.
Philadelphia, Jan. 26, 1849—6w.

TO LET,
and possession given immediately.
A HOUSE and Barn, to-
gether with eight acres of ex-
cellent Land, conveniently situated
for a Butcher. For particulars en-
quire of
JOHN P. RUGGLES.
Newport, January 27, 1849.—1f.

TO LET.
THE FARM belonging to
the heirs of the late William
Bailey, Esq., situated on Cogges-
hall Neck, now occupied by Mr.
Aaron C. Coggeshall. For terms apply to
WILLIAM G. BAILEY.
Newport, January 27, 1849.

SELECTED POETRY.

The Flower of the Fold.

There is some one abiding place
On earth to which we cling;
There is, too, some remember'd face,
Both blessings with them bring!
There is a hope that looks above,
The need to which we hold;
And is there not some heart we love
Some flower of the fold?

Joy, joy upon the breeze doth come,
It ushers in the birth
Of one more link to "home sweet home,"
Another child of earth.
Affection swells within the breast
Of kindred, young and old,
To welcome in the little guest,
The flower of the fold!

A babe is on its mother's arm,
In quiet, dreamless sleep,
With infant brow as still and calm
As sunshine on the deep!
The merry children gather round,
With steps that love makes bold!

A little girl, with rosy mein,
As smiling as the morn,
Is bounding o'er the village green,
As lively as a fawn.
She stoops to pick some weeds to braid
Within her locks of gold,
And laughingly trips on the maid,
The flower of the fold!

A few more years, that happy one
Has left the pleasant fields,
And to a distant school is gone,
Where joy to study yields.
But summer with its festal train,
Brings home across the world,
With spirits gay, the well known strain,
The flower of the fold!

Two graceful forms are in a room:
A youth of noble air,
A lovely maiden in the bloom
Of womanhood—most fair!
Their hands are clasped in fond embrace,
Their vows have just been told,
And who in that new guise can trace
The flower of the fold?

Alas! how beautiful in death
That marble brow appears!
A single day—her gentle breath
Is borne on high 'midst tears!
A holy sleep has closed her eyes,
Her youthful heart is cold,
And drooping low forever lies
The flower of the fold!

DOMESTIC ECONOMY.

"The true economy of House Keeping is simply
the art of gathering up all the fragments, so that
nothing be lost. Fragments of time as well as Ma-
terials."—Mrs. Child.

A paulful of lye, with a piece of copperas
half as big as a hen's egg boiled in it, will
color a fine nankin color, which will never
wash out.

A very beautiful nankin color may like-
wise be obtained from birch-bark set with
alum. The bark should be covered with
water, and boiled thoroughly in brass or tin.
If copperas be used instead of alum,
slate color will be produced.

Tea grounds boiled in iron, set with cop-
peras, make a very good slate color.

Log-wood and cider, in iron, set with
copperas, makes a good black. Rusty nails,
or any rusty iron, boiled in vinegar, with
a small bit of copperas, makes a good black.
Blacking powder done in the same way
answers the same purpose.

Meat Corned or Salted, &c.

When you merely want to corn meat, you
have nothing to do but to rub in salt plen-
tifully and let it set in the cellar a day or
two. If you have provided more meat than
you can use while it is good, it is well to
corn it in season to save it. In summer, it
will not keep well more than a day and a
half; if you are compelled to keep it longer,
be sure and rub in more salt, and keep it
carefully covered from cellar flies. In win-
ter, there is no difficulty in keeping a piece
of corned beef a fortnight or more. Some
people corn meat by throwing it into their
beef barrel for a few days; but this method
does not make it so sweet. A little salt-pe-
tre rubbed in before you apply the common
salt, makes the meat tender; but in sum-
mer it is not well to use it, because it pre-
vents the other salt from impregnating; and
the meat does not keep as well.

If you wish to salt fat pork, scald coarse
salt in water and skim it, till the salt will
no longer melt in the water. Pack your
pork down in tight layers; salt every layer;
when the brine is cold, cover the pork with
it, and keep a heavy stone on the top to
keep the pork under brine.

It is good economy to salt your own beef
as well as pork. Six pounds of coarse salt,
eight ounces of brown sugar, a pint of mol-
lasses, and eight ounces of salt-petre, are
enough to boil in four gallons of water.—
Skim it clean while boiling. Put it to the
beef cold, and have enough to cover it.

SELECTED TALE.

The Dying Volunteer.

AN INCIDENT OF MOLINO DEL REY.

BY H. G. CHAPMAN.

THE sun had risen in all its glorious maj-
esty, and hung above the eastern horizon
like a ball of glowing fire. Its bright rays
danced merrily along the Lake of Tesceno;
over the glittering domes of the city of
Mexico; past the dark frowning battlements
of Chapultepec castle, and lit, in all their
glorious effulgence, upon the blood stained
field of Molino del Rey.

The contest was over, the sounds of the
battle had died away, save an occasional
shot from the distant artillery of the castle,
or the fire of some strolling rifleman.

I was standing beside the battered re-
mains of the mill door, above which the
first footing had been gained upon the well
contested wall, and gazing over the plain,
now saturated with the blood of my fellow
soldiers, which that morning had waved green
with flowing grass, when I heard a low and
feeble wail, in the ditch beside me. I turned
towards the spot and beheld, with his right
leg shattered by a cannon ball, a voltiuger ly-
ing amid the mangled dead. He had been
passed by in the haste of gathering up the
wounded, under the fire from the castle, and
the rays of the burning sun beat down with
terrible fervor upon his wounded limb,
causing heavy groans to issue from his
pallid lips, and his marble countenance to
writh with pain.

"Water, for God's sake, a drink of wa-
ter," he faintly articulated, as I bent down
beside him.

Fortunately I had procured a canteen of
water and placing it to his lips, he took a
long deep draught, and then sank back ex-
hausted upon the ground.

"The sun," he murmured; "It is kill-
ing me by its rays, cannot you carry me in-
to the shade?"

"I can procure assistance, and have you
taken to the hospital."

"No do it not, my sands of life are al-
most out. An hour hence, I shall be a dead
man. Carry me into the shade of the mill,
and then, if you have time to spare, listen
to my dying words; and if you are fortu-
nate enough to ever return to the United
States, bear me back a message to my home,
and to another—" he paused, and motioned
for me to carry him to the shade. I did so,
and the cool wind which swept along the
spot, seemed to revive him, and he contin-
ued:

"You, sir, are a total stranger to me,
and from your uniform, belong to another
corps, and yet I must confide this, the great
secret of all my recent actions, and the
cause of my being here, to you. Would
to God that I had reflected upon the fatal
steps I had taken, and I should have
been at home, enjoying the society of kind
friends, instead of dying upon a gory field
in a foreign land. My father was a wealthy
man in the town of G—ch, in the state of
Virginia, and moved in the best society of
the place. I had received an excellent edu-
cation, had studied law, and was admitted
in the twenty-fourth year of my age to
practice at the bar. I had early seen, and
admired a young lady of the place, a daugh-
ter of an intimate friend of my father's
and fortunately the feeling was reciprocal,
and we were engaged to be married. The
war with Mexico had been in existence some
twelve months, and many were flocking to
the standard of their country. It so hap-
pened that about this time a recruiting of-
fice had been opened in this town, and sev-
eral of my young friends had enlisted to
go and try their fortunes upon the plains of
Mexico. One night there was a grand party
in the place, in honor of those who were
about to depart for the seat of war, and both
myself and Eveline were at the ball. Among
those who were assembled that evening,
was Augustus P., a talented young man,
and accomplished scholar, gay and lively
in his manners, free and cheerful in his dis-
position, and a universal favorite with the
fair sex. He had been for some time pay-
ing his address to Eveline, as I deemed, in
rather too pointed a manner. As the party
assembled in the long hall, and the dance
was about to commence, I asked her for
her hand for the first set."

"It is engaged," she replied, I thought
rather tartly.

"To whom, if I may be so bold as to en-
quire?" I demanded.

"To Augustus P." was the immediate
reply.

I smothered my rising indignation as

best I could, and proudly returned the glance
of malignant joy, my rival gave me.

"Perhaps I can engage it for the second
set." I calmly asked.

"Mr. P., has engaged it for the whole
evening," she pettishly replied, and rising
and taking his hand, they took their station
upon the floor.

I remained thunderstruck, and rooted to
the spot, until I saw the eye of my hated
rival fixed upon me, and throwing off the
spell that bound me, I assumed a proud
cold look, and passed from the hall. As I
swept by the dancers, Eveline paused a mo-
ment when just beside me, and bending
close to her ear, I whispered, "Eveline,
farewell forever."

She turned slightly pale, and then an-
swered "When."

"To night, I join the army for Mexico,"
I firmly replied.

A deep flash passed haughtily across her
brow, and then, waving her hand gracefull-
ly, she replied, "Go," and again glided
through the mazes of the dance.

I rushed from the spot, and never paused
until I had entered the recruiting office,
and offered myself a candidate for the army.

"Are you a good moral man, of well re-
gulated habits," asked the sergeant.

"I can give a hundred certificates, if
necessary," I hastily replied.

"I rather think you'll do," said the offi-
cer with a smile, and he enrolled me as a
soldier. "When do you wish to leave?"

"Now to night—to-morrow, any time,"
I eagerly answered.

"Promptness is a good quality, you'll
make a fine soldier. Get ready to start at
8 o'clock in the morning, for Newport,
Kentucky."

"I will be ready," and rushing from the
room, I hastened home, packed up my
things, and threw myself down upon the
bed to sleep. But it was impossible.—
Heavy thoughts were crowding through
my mind with lightning speed, and I re-
solved to depart the next day without bid-
ding a single soul farewell. I know you
will deem it strange for me to hurry off
without bidding adieu to father or mother,
sister or brother, but feeling the deep re-
spect which I held for my father's advice,
would prevail, and I should be induced to
remain at home, I made the resolve, and
carried it out. The next morning I was
at the office by seven o'clock, was furnish'd
with a suit of regimentals, and departed
for the railroad depot, to start for Wheeling.

As I hurried along the street, who should
turn a corner but Eveline, and we met for
the last time on earth. I informed her of
my intention, and without manifesting any
disposition of regret at my departure, she
gaily said,

"Good bye, and may good luck attend
you," and glided away.

"A new fuel was added to my desire to
hasten from such scenes, and I soon left the
town for the Ohio. I will not weary you
with further details, as my breath is failing
fast. Sufficient to say, I arrived in Mexi-
co, and here I am perishing by inches upon
the battle field.

"Here," he continued, "is a ring," taking
one from his finger, and presenting it to
me, "which was given me by Eveline as a
bond of our marriage contract. I have
worn it ever since, and, as I gaily told
her then, 'it shall leave me but with my
death.' Take it to her when you get
back, and if she be unmarried, give it to
her, and tell her he who sent it, never for-
got her for a moment, even in his dying
hour, and is lying beneath the clods of a
foreign soil. This bible give back to my
father, and tell him I have studied its pre-
cepts; to my mother and sisters, say that I
sent them a son's and a brother's dying
love, to my brothers, beware of human
strife."

He faltered in his speech, and then mur-
muring "I am going," pressed my hand
feebly, and expired. I dug a lone grave
upon the field, and laid him down to rest,
and left him to "sleep his last sleep," until
that day when all shall be summoned to fi-
nal account.

One year rolled on, and how checkered
by passing events. Chapultepec had fallen
the city of Mexico was taken, and peace,
thrice glorious peace had waved her pinions
over the land of war. The volunteers were
joyfully hastening home, and among the
rest, I once more trod my native land, a
freeman again in heart and soul. A spell
of sickness at first confined me several
weeks, but at length I rose wearied and
feeble from the bed, and my physicians re-
commending a change of air, I travelled

into Virginia, and one evening entered the
town G—ch. I enquired for the family of
my friend, and was directed to a large fine-
looking building upon the principal street.

I advanced and rung the bell, and anxiously
waited for an answer. At length the door
opened, and an old, gray headed man stood
before me, the lines of his furrowed face
marked by care, and his whole appearance
betokening one who had a secret grief at
heart.

"Mr. —, I presume?" said I bowing.

"The same, sir; won't you walk in?" re-
plied the old man politely.

"I entered the house, and was soon
seated in the parlor, when the old man
started to leave the room.

"I have something of importance for
your private ear," said I hastily.

He turned towards me, and taking the
bible from my pocket, I held it up to view.
Quicker than thought the father sprang
forward, caught the book in his hand, and
murmured, as the tears fell slowly over his
aged cheeks,

"My son, my son, you bring news of
him."

"I do, but it is very bad," I answered,
my voice trembling as I spoke, and I re-
lated to him the scene upon the battle field.

When I had finished, the old man clasped
his hands in silent agony, and raising
his eyes towards the ceiling, exclaimed in
deep and fervent tones, "God's will be
done."

At this moment, a young lady of pale,
and careworn countenance entered the
parlor, and rising, I said,

"Miss Eveline——, I believe.

"The same sir," she calmly replied.

I presented the ring, and as her eyes fell
upon it, she stretched forth her hand to
grasp it, and barely did so; then sunk
slowly back upon the floor. I sprang to
her assistance, but as I raised her head
from the carpet, streams of blood were fall-
ing from it, and running over the floor.—
She had burst a blood vessel, and never
recovered.

He sleeps upon the battle field beneath
the bloody soil, and she lies in the church
yard grave of the town of G—ch, with the
simple word, "Eveline" upon her tomb-
stone. Peace rest with the dead.

True copy—witness:
HENRY BOWEN, Sec'y.

AN ACT in relation to the management
of the money appropriated to provide a
School for the Indian Tribe.

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:
Section 1. The power conferred by the
166th section of said act upon any Justice
of the Supreme Court, or Justice of the
Court of Common Pleas, may also be ex-
ercised in the county of Providence; and
by any Senator in any other county in this
State.

True copy—witness:
HENRY BOWEN, Sec'y.

AN ACT in addition to an act entitled
"An act prescribing the manner of pro-
ceedings in Courts."

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:
Section 1. Verdicts, awards of referees
and reports of masters in Chancery or of au-
ditors ascertaining amounts of twenty dol-
lars or upwards due from party to party by
way of debt or damages rendered in or re-
turned to the Courts of Common Pleas or
the Supreme Court, shall, if and in so far
as confirmed by judgment or decree draw
interest on such debt or damages if of
the amount of twenty dollars or upwards
if a verdict, from the time the same is re-
ndered—and if an award or report, from the
time the same is dated or made up: Pro-
vided, there be nothing in said verdict, award
or report contained to the contrary there-
of, or plainly inconsistent therewith.

Section 2. Whenever any executor or ad-
ministrator by or against whom any action
is prosecuted, shall die, resign or be re-
moved, the action shall not thereby be
abated; but the successor, if any, may
come into court to prosecute or defend, or
may be summoned in, in such manner as
the court may direct.

Section 3. No action of ejectment brought
upon any mortgage deed shall abate by the
death of any plaintiff or plaintiffs, but the
executor or administrator may come in
and prosecute the same.

Section 4. When the name of any defendant
or respondent in any process civil or crimi-
nal, shall be unknown, the process may
issue against him by a fictitious name, or
by such description as the complainant or
plaintiff may select, and it may afterwards
be amended as the court may direct.

True copy—witness:
HENRY BOWEN, Sec'y.

No TRUE LADY is ashamed of a know-
ledge of the details and duties of a house-
hold—but on the contrary, would be ex-
tremely mortified at ignorance of such es-
sentials. It is no matter if fortune has so
blessed her that she need not soil a finger
in domestic occupations. A knowledge of
them is absolutely necessary to procure
their proper performance by servants. She
is a wretched butt of kitchen malice, and
a victim of wanton waste, who cannot de-
tect servants in their misdoings by her own
knowledge. To command their respect and
obedience, a housekeeper should be so well
informed, as to be able to answer them upon
questions, sometimes, maliciously put.—
Her eye should never long lose sight of
any part of the establishment; and she
should be qualified to oversee understand-
ingly also. Else might a man as rich as
Cressus be beggared by his kitchen, and still
he fare none the better for it.

Section 5. In all cases where a demand is
required by law to be made before pro-
ceeding to the compulsory collection of any
tax, the oath or affirmation of the collec-
tor shall be admitted as presumptive evi-
dence of such demand.

Section 6. In all cases where personal prop-
erty shall be levied upon by the collector,
he shall cause a notice thereof to be left at
the last and usual place of abode of the
owner, or personally given to the owner at
least five days previous to the appointed
time of sale, and the mode of advertising
and selling shall be the same as in case of
levying an execution upon personal estate.

Section 7. In all cases where real estate is
levied upon by any collector for the pay-
ment of taxes, no entry upon the land shall
be held necessary: But the collector in all
such cases shall make a return of all his
proceedings under oath, into the town
clerk's office of the town where the land is
situated, within ten days after the sale,

which return shall be admitted to be pre-
sumptive evidence of all the facts therein
stated.

Section 8. Personal property in the hands
of executors, administrators or guardians,
shall be taxed to them in the towns where
the deceased person resided, or where the
ward may reside.

Section 9. The second section of an act en-
titled "An act declaring what is real and
what personal estate in certain cases," con-
tained in the digest of laws, is hereby re-
mended by striking out the concluding
words "except the assessment and payment
of taxes."

Section 10. The foregoing provisions (ex-
cepting section fourth) shall also apply to
all taxes ordered under the provisions of
the several acts relating to Public Schools.
True Copy—witness:
HENRY BOWEN, Sec'y.

AN ACT in amendment of an act entitled
"An act concerning Crimes and Punish-
ments."

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:
Section 1. The power conferred by the
166th section of said act upon any Justice
of the Supreme Court, or Justice of the
Court of Common Pleas, may also be ex-
ercised in the county of Providence; and
by any Senator in any other county in this
State.

True copy—witness:
HENRY BOWEN, Sec'y.

AN ACT in relation to the management
of the money appropriated to provide a
School for the Indian Tribe.

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:
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FOREIGN NEWS.

The steamship *NIAGARA*, Captain Stone, from Liverpool 27th ult., arrived at Boston on Sunday forenoon, with the English mails and 52 passengers. We have dates from London and Liverpool to the 27th, Paris to the 24th and Rome to the 6th of January.

The commercial news by the *NIAGARA* is of cheering aspect. Money continued plentiful. The accounts from India were considered favorable, and there was increased animation in the manufacturing districts, principally from that cause. The corn market continued without change.

IRELAND.—The application for reversal of the judgements in the cases of Smith O'Brien and other Irish conspirators, have been overruled. There was some reason to suppose that O'Brien's case might be carried by appeal to the House of Lords, but it was said that Meagher would cease to contend. The preliminary legal questions in Mr. Duffy's case seem to have been all at last decided, and he had been admitted to plead. The trial was to come off this month, in the meantime Mr. Duffy was still in confinement, renewed applications for a discharge on bail having been refused.

FRANCE.—This country remains comparatively quiet, although party spirit has abated nothing of its earnestness and activity. The National Assembly have not yet complied with the popular wish for their dissolution. The accounts from Paris repeat the oft told tale of the growing dissatisfaction at the way in which the public affairs are conducted. There is a want of confidence in the government, which seems to increase daily in the popular mind. Hence schemes and plots to overturn each succeeding cabinet, are of frequent occurrence. At the present moment, the Ministry and the National Assembly do not work well together; and while the latter are endeavoring to expel those in power, the former will not yield to any vote which may be passed by that body against their measures, upon the ground that it sits in opposition to the declared wishes of the country. Such is the struggle now going on between the Assembly and the Government, which cannot fail of proving greatly injurious to all classes of the community.

The bulk of the accounts from Paris consist of the proceedings of the National Assembly, which is now occupied in debate upon subjects of little interest to the general reader.

The Vice President of the French Republic was chosen by the National Assembly on the 29th ult. M. Boulay (de la Meurthe) received 417 votes, and was consequently proclaimed Vice President, and took the oath prescribed by the Constitution.

SPAIN.—We are still without any satisfactory news as to the progress of the Carlist insurrection, but it seems that hitherto it has received no important check, excepting from the elements. The sub-prefect of Bayonne has been called to account by the government, for not having taken steps for the prevention of the invasion of the Spanish territory.

A sanguinary affair occurred on the 7th January in Catalonia, between Vich and San Hipolito. Large bodies of troops were engaged both on the Queen's and on the Carlist sides, each under the command in chief of General Manuel de la Concha and Cabrera; 600 or 700 men have been killed on both sides.

A Carlist column, consisting of 250 men commanded by the chieftain Soto, passed the frontier of Navarre on the 15th ult.—These men are perfectly equipped, and have all mounted the *bonnet rouge*. The greater number of them carry two muskets, to arm the volunteers that may join them.—This column has taken the direction towards Estella, passing near Pampluna.

ITALY.—This country remains pretty much the same as at the date of the preceding accounts.

The French and Anglo mediation still keeps the Neapolitans and the Sicilians from open warfare. The King of Naples spends the whole of his time at Gaeta with the Pope, and the activity of the negotiations which are carried on with Vienna, portends a speedy intervention of some kind, in order to put down St. Remy and his party, who are the present rulers at Rome. The Pope has threatened his subjects with excommunication, which will be probably fulminated against them as soon as he finds the Catholic Princes of Europe are in a position to come effectually to his aid.

The pontifical court swarms with politicians, and the port of Gaeta is thronged by vessels of all nations.

The American steam-fragate *Princeton* arrived recently with Mr. Rowan, the special plenipotentiary, on board. He demanded and immediately obtained an audience of the Pope. It is necessary to traverse thirteen draw-bridges in order to reach his apartments. A conspiracy to restore the temporal power of the Pope had been discovered at Rome, and the three principal conspirators, among them the Duke of Bonelli, had been exiled.

AUSTRIA AND HUNGARY.—The Imperial army continued to meet with success.—Windischgrätz has entered Buda-Pesth without firing a shot, and the subjection of Hungary, it is thought, must inevitably follow. Kossuth has retired before the conquering imperialists, and Windischgrätz has captured Count Bathiany, one of the chief insurgent leaders, and confiscation and extermination are the order of the day. The Diet at Kremsier has resumed its sittings. In the first week of January, a rebel column under Bem, having attempted in vain to transfer the theatre of war over Kaschau into Galicia, had retreated into Transylvania, hoping to effect their purpose through the Bukovina. Private letters of January 9th and 10th from Lemberg, describe the panic and consternation which had seized the people on learning that Bem, with his 20,000 men, had forced his way as far as Czernowitz, fifteen German miles from Lemberg, but that he had been driven back, and hearing of the surrender of Pesth, had given up the "cause" for lost.

THIRTIETH CONGRESS SECOND SESSION.

WASHINGTON, Friday, Feb. 9.

SENATE.—A joint resolution adopted by the Senate in relation to a plan for counting the votes for President and Vice President was returned by the House concurred.

A bill granting relief to the widows and orphans of officers and soldiers who have died or may die from injuries received in the war with Mexico, was reported; also, a bill for the payment for horses and other property lost in the military service.

The resolution for printing 6000 copies of the laws relating to pension bounty lands was agreed to, and the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—The Senate bill for the relief of David Myerby was taken up, but soon laid aside, when the House went into Committee of the Whole, and took up the bill for establishing a commission for settling claims against the Government and amendments thereto were considered.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed, and the Committee rose, and the House adj'd.

WASHINGTON, Saturday, Feb. 10.

SENATE.—The Vice President laid before the Senate the President's Message communicating information called for in relation to the Protocol. Mr. Foote moved that 20,000 copies be printed, and then addressed the Senate. Remarks were made by several senators in relation to the manner by which the Protocol was made public, by which it appeared that its existence was generally known before the resolution was offered. Without coming to any decision with regard to the message, &c., on motion, the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—After some unimportant business, the House went into Committee of the Whole, and the Fortification bill was taken up. Mr. Hillard addressed the Committee, and was followed by Messrs. Hunt, Brown and others. The bill was then read through, and agreed to, when the Committee rose and reported it to the House which concurred in the passage of the same.

The House then adjourned.

WASHINGTON, Monday, Feb. 12.

SENATE.—Copies of the army register were laid before the Senate by the Chair, also a communication from the State Department relative to the Cherokee claims.

A petition was presented numerous signed for convoys to be sent for the protection of expeditions to California, which was appropriately referred.

The bill for regulating the U. S. Courts in Iowa was passed.

The House then resolved itself into Committee of the Whole and took up the General appropriation bill, and various amendments were offered, all of which were agreed to with one exception. The item for the abolition of flogging in the Navy, was debated by several members. The subject was then referred to the Naval Committee to report thereon, and the House adjourned.

HOUSE.—Mr. McQueen, the newly elected member from South Carolina, was qualified and took his seat.

On motion of Mr. Vinton, the rules were suspended in order to enable him to report a bill for establishing a department of the interior. Mr. Vinton said the bill was framed by the Secretary of the Treasury, and he wished to make it the order of the day for the 16th inst. Negative.

The bill was then referred to the Committee of the Whole, and ordered to be engrossed and printed.

The resolutions of the Legislature of South Carolina were presented, relative to Southern rights, which were laid on the table and ordered printed. Adjourned.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, Feb. 13.

SENATE.—The bill making an appropriation for fortification purposes was taken up, and after being read, was referred to the Committee on Finance.

The bill for the relief of the widows and orphans of soldiers and officers who have died of diseases contracted in the late war, was taken up and passed.

The bill granting the right of way through certain public land for Rail Roads and Canals through the different States, was read and passed.

The civil and diplomatic bill then came up. An amendment was offered appropriating \$30,000 to finish the City Hall in Washington, and after an animated debate was adopted, and the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—A long debate occurred on correcting that part of yesterday's journal where Mr. Wallace said he addressed the House on the slavery question by special permission.

Several pension bills were reported and referred.

Mr. Palfrey reported a resolution in favor of the distribution of one set of American Records to each member of the House to dispose of to such institution as he pleases. The resolution was discussed by several members, amended, and ordered to be engrossed.

The Senate bill granting pre-emption rights through public lands for Rail Roads, was discussed till the House adjourned.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, Feb. 14.

SENATE.—There was but little business transacted in either House. It being the day for counting the Presidential votes.

The bill which passed the Senate yesterday, and was sent to the House, respecting the right of way for the benefit of Railroads and Canals passing through the different States, was on motion of Mr. Badger called back.

A message was then received from the House, extending an invitation to the Senate to meet in Convention for the purpose of counting the Presidential votes, which was accepted.

HOUSE.—After the transaction of some unimportant business, the Senate came in headed by the Vice President.

The tellers previously appointed took their seats at the Clerk's desk, and proceeded to count the votes for President and Vice President. Mr. Davis, of Miss., read

the vote of each State aloud. They stood, for Zachary Taylor for President and Millard Fillmore for Vice President, 163 each; for Lewis Cass for President and William O. Butler for Vice President, 127 each.

A joint Committee was then appointed to wait on Zachary Taylor, and Millard Fillmore, and inform them of their election severally as President and Vice President of the United States. Adjourned.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, Feb. 15.

SENATE.—A resolution was passed, appropriating \$3000 to defray the travelling expenses of the Chippewa Indians, now at Washington on business with Government.

A resolution was adopted to inquire into the expediency of granting land to the surviving officers and soldiers who served in the last war with England; also, to the widows and orphans of such as had died since the war. Adjourned.

HOUSE.—Several bills were taken up, discussed, and laid on the table.

A bill to incorporate the Washington and Alexandria Steam Packet Co. was taken up and passed.

A bill to provide a mode of establishing claims against the United States came up, and the question on its passage was taken, and decided in the negative.

The bill establishing a Department of the Interior was taken up, amended and passed. Adjourned.

COWS IMPROVING.—The discovery of the contents of California puts us in mind of a circumstance which occurred to a cowkeeper, within our own knowledge, and though it may appear strange, we can answer for its truth. The man had a long time struggled against adverse fortune, and, as not the least, the milk from one of his cows turned out bad; it became unusually thick and yellow, and was by him pronounced to be bad, and unfit for use. The loss was most serious, but at length, after some weeks had elapsed, and painful after painful had been cast to the dogs, he discovered that his cow gave forth cream instead of milk. The discovery made his fortune.—This circumstance, on a small scale, is a type of California.—*Herapath's Journal.*

OLD BUT GOOD.—A queer joke occurred to a friend of ours, yesterday, which is worth relating. Having heard of the *Gutta Percha* Soles, and their being impervious to dampness or water, he had them placed on a pair of boots, and found that they realized all that he anticipated. Unfortunately for our friend, he had formed a habit of placing his feet in close proximity to a fire whenever he should have been in the street, and on going into his office on the day in question he unconsciously in accordance with his custom, opened the door thereof, very leisurely engaged himself in devouring an apple. After having remained for a few moments, he placed his feet upon the floor, and closing the door he rose from his chair, when low and behold he was fast to the floor, his *Gutta Percha* having in consequence of the sudden transition from the heat of the fire (which had softened like a jelly,) to the cool floor, become as if it were congealed thereto. Here was a fix. What was to be done? At no loss for an experiment he quietly withdrew his feet from the boots, they remained in *statu quo* and placing the shovel in the stove heated it to a sufficient degree, and running it between the soles and the floor, he soon relieved them from their fixed determination to remain minus a portion of the *Gutta Percha*.—*Albany Express.*

A CLEAN PAVEMENT AND A SHARP WIT. Judge Canon, who is one of the most determined, practical and public spirited of our citizens, in proceeding some day last week from his residence to the court room, was very much annoyed and inconvenienced by the muddy condition of the banquettes in front of the store of a gentleman who lives in Chartres street. On arriving at the court the Judge issued a capias to the owner of the store, the banquettes [side walk] of which was in such bad condition, and on his appearance fined the offender in the sum of fifty dollars, and gave him a severe lecture upon his duty as a good citizen—to wash down his banquettes and keep it in good condition. The citizen promised to be more attentive in future, and so in no more. Accordingly, yesterday, as the Judge passed by the store of the repentant violator of municipal authority, he found that the banquettes had not only been cleaned from every particle of dirt, but had actually been washed down with soap, the curbstones whitewashed, and the whole banquettes sprinkled with rose leaves, and scented with cologne. The Judge, who loves a good joke as much as clean pavements, highly appreciated the wit of the tasteful citizen, and will, we presume, remit the fine, and annul the judgment against him.—*New Orleans Delta.*

ROMANTIC.—The Boston Pathfinder, says that a girl employed in the Merrimack Mills, at Lowell, left her boarding-house about two weeks since, saying that she was going to spend some months with her parents in Peterborough, N.H. About a week afterwards it was discovered that she was in Boston dressed in male attire, making preparations to leave for California. She was found by her parents, after much search, on board a California vessel, with her hair cut off, and dressed in a monkey jacket and large pants, which gave her the appearance of a spruce young man. She had drawn \$200 from the savings bank, put up at the Pemberton House, secured a passage, purchased pistols and other needful articles, and would soon have been on the rolling deep, had not a girl who was in the confidence of the heroine, informed a relative of her intentions. She was very reluctant to give up the adventure, but finally consented to do so, and returned with her parents to Peterborough.

Flowers were in bloom at Pensacola on the 16th ult., and the orange trees loaded with fruit.

COUNTERFEITERS ARRESTED.—Two young men, Hannibal Potter, of St. Albans, and Dennis Savage, of Dunham, Canada, were arrested on Thursday, at Milton Falls, Vt., on the charge of passing counterfeit money. When arrested in Milton they threw away a package containing some \$400, which was subsequently found. The bills in their possession and in the package thrown away were fives on the Connecticut River Banking Company, Hartford, Conn.; fives on the Merchants' Bank, Providence, R. I.; fives on the Ascutney Bank, Windsor three on the Bank of Whitehall; fives on the Bank of Rochester, N. H.; three on the Agawam Bank, Springfield, Mass., and a ten on the Adams Bank, Mass. The counterfeiters are in jail.

ALAS for the uncertainty of human glory! Thursday afternoon, and the victor in the prize fight seemed on the road to immortal fame, in a one-horse cab, surrounded by several hundred ragged news-boys and rowdy tavern loungers; yesterday morning he was on the road to Moyamensing, in a prison van, with nothing but an escort of a few police officers. Twelve hours had sufficed to topple him from the height of public admiration and applause, down to the cellar of the law's offended majesty, the underground room of the police office. Cardinal Wolsey's fall was not more signal, nor served to show in a more eminent degree how easily full blown hopes may burst, and disperse themselves into thin air, when built upon such a gaseous material as popular applause. But "such is life," and in the solitudes of the County Prison, the renowned "Champion of America" may moralize upon its vicissitudes. *Philad. Ledger.*

A HEAVY FALL.—The large bell of St. Patrick's Cathedral, in New Orleans, weighing upward of two tons, having become cracked, was recently suffered to fall from its tower, which is more than 100 feet from the ground, as the only mode of getting it down for re-casting. It came down top first and mouth up, passing through the brick pavement as if it was paper, and buried itself nearly up to the rim in the earth, without sustaining the least injury, notwithstanding the previous fracture.

DOUBT ELOPEMENT.—On the night of the 30th ult. a couple of soldiers enlisted for the California regiment at Indianapolis, named Washington Baldwin and William Wiseman, eloped with two young ladies of that place—Miss Eliza J. Ray, daughter of the late Gov. Ray, and Charity Ann Cunningham. They are supposed to have gone to Missouri. Wiseman took two ounces of laudanum, a few weeks since, to avenge himself for some slight which Miss Charity had put upon him. The effect of the drug was not fatal, but it seems to have aroused Charity to a sense of her lover's affection.

DREADFUL ACCIDENT.—On Saturday, the 27th ult., Mr. Otis Dimock, of Darien, Genesee county, and recently the keeper of the old tavern standing on the corner of Main and Huron streets, in this city, was killed by the falling of a tree, and his body mutilated in the most horrible manner. He had gone to a distant part of his farm, with an axe, for the purpose of chopping wood. Not coming home at the usual hour, the family became alarmed, and his son started out to find him. After searching some considerable time, the mangled corpse of Mr. D. was discovered, lying lengthwise under a large dry tree, some forty feet in length, which he had chopped down, and which had fallen upon and killed him. The body was completely crushed, except the head, which was thrown out on one side; the heart and lungs were forced entirely out of the body, and were found hanging on a little bush some five feet off. He leaves a wife and family to deplore his loss.—*Buffalo Cour., of Monday.*

MATTHEW MOON has been committed for trial for poisoning his wife in New York. The girl who also partook of the poisoned cake will probably recover. Wood was unhappy because his wife brought him no children. Ann Turk, who was about to become a mother by Wood, has absconded.

UNPRECEDENTED TRAVELLING.—The Montreal Transcript says that a horse named Fly, was lately trotted from Cornwall to Montreal, a distance of ninety miles in six hours and fifteen minutes, excluding stops. This is over fourteen miles an hour.

In Ellenville, N. Y., Mr. W. Hutchinson's house took fire from the boiling over of oil and turpentine on the stove. The room was instantly filled with smoke, when his daughter, aged nine years, seized her brother, a babe, and ran into the hall. A person living in the house caught the blazing vessel, but, being burnt and blinded, threw it from him. It struck the little girl on the temple, knocked her down, and the blaze spread over her and the infant. The father coming in wrapped the carpet around them, but it was too late, and both died after lingering for several hours in torment.

FOUR PERSONS POISONED.—Within two weeks, says the Baton Rouge Advocate of the 24th ult., a whole family consisting of a Mr. Boetger, his wife and two children, have died, in this vicinity, from accidental poisoning, caused by drinking water of a well impregnated with copper, as has been proven, we understand, by an examination of the well, in which was found an old copper kettle and various substances of a filthy nature, and by analysis of the water. Mr. Boetger and his family who were amiable and excellent people, had but recently emigrated to this country from Prussia, and had just purchased the property whereon they resided and contracted their unhappy demise.

There are 300,000 bushels of wheat in store at Milwaukee.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

PROVIDENCE, Friday, Feb. 9.

SENATE.—Message from the House with the following which were concurred in:

Petitions of R. I. Mutual Life Insurance Co. for charter; John J. D. Wolf for change of name of child; Thomas M. Adams for sale of real estate; Nathaniel Coggeshall for leave to mortgage real estate of wards. Resolution of thanks to Hon. Henry Barnard, Superintendent of Public Schools; Resolution authorizing the Governor to purchase copies of the Journal of Rhode Island Institute of Instruction.

Bills to regulate police of Bristol; to regulate police of Cumberland; authorizing Quartermaster General to distribute ammunition; in relation to the board of prisoners in jails. Report of Commissioners of Seignior Bank. Petitions of Joseph Luther for discharge of recognizance; of Thomas Golden for liberation; of Catherine McCaffrey to hold real estate; of B. N. Rose vs. Stonington Railroad Company; of Engine Company No. 8, Newport for charter; Scotch Presbyterian Church for charter.

HOUSE.—The following were read and passed:—Petitions of Martin C. Pollard, for restoration to his privileges; of Nathaniel Coggeshall; of Catherine McCaffrey; of Hugh McGovern; of Free Will Baptist Church, of Pawtucket; Joseph S. Lockwood for remission of fine and costs and liberation. Resolutions authorizing the purchase of the Journal of the R. I. Institute; for the Quartermaster to distribute ammunition; relative to Justices of the Peace.—An act to increase the compensation of jailors; An act in addition to the several acts relating to the sale of real estate by guardians. Senate concurred with amendments; An act to provide for making an estimate of all property ratable in the State.

Mr. Ames introduced an act to provide additional revenue for the State. He said this bill would raise a revenue of about \$27,000. A discussion ensued, after which the question was taken on the passage of the bill, and stood, ayes 30, noes 23.

An act relating to preferring petitions to General Assembly, and an act relating to duties upon licensed persons, introduced by Mr. Cranston, were read, passed, and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

PROVIDENCE, Saturday, Feb. 10.

SENATE.—Bill in addition to the several acts in relation to poor prisoners. Concurred, amended.

The bill to provide additional revenue was taken up, and discussed by Messrs. Ballou, Branch, Greene, Lapham, Potter, Goodwin, and others. The bill was then concurred in.

The bill providing for taking an estimate of the property of the State, was taken up, and after some debate concurred.

Adjourned to 3 P. M., Monday.

HOUSE.—Act relating to Blackstone Canal. Recommended to a select committee.

An act in amendment of an act entitled an act concerning dogs. Taken up, and after some facetious remarks upon the subject of dogs in general, by several gentlemen, was indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Barber introduced a resolution to appoint a joint committee to report to this House what alteration, if any, is necessary to the several sections of the Constitution of this State, and to report at this session. Adjourned to Monday, 10 A. M.

PROVIDENCE, Monday, Feb. 12.

HOUSE.—Petition of Newport and Fall River Railroad for amendment of charter. Granted and act passed.

Mr. Ames from the Select Committee on the Militia, introduced an act in amendment of an act to regulate the Militia.—Read and passed to a second reading, rule suspended, second time read on same day, and passed.

The whole session of the afternoon was taken up with the trial of the several petitions relating to the Blackstone Canal.

SENATE.—Bill in amendment of charter of Newport and Fall River Railroad Company. Concurred.

Charter of Free Will Baptist Society, Pawtucket. Concurred.

Bill in relation to Justices of the Peace. Concurred.

PROVIDENCE, Tuesday, Feb. 13.

SENATE.—Resolutions of the General Assembly of South Carolina relative to slavery. Read and referred.

Resolution directing the General Treasurer to withdraw from the deposit fund an amount sufficient to pay the debt due the Bank of North America, and the expenses of this session. Read and concurred, amended, limiting the amount to \$45,000. Ayes 19, Noes 8.

Bill in amendment of an act to regulate the militia. Concurred, amended.

Petition of Joseph S. Lockwood for liberation. Concurred.

HOUSE.—A resolution directing the Secretary of State to furnish a copy of the Digest and Laws of this State for the Quartermaster General's office. Passed.

A resolution authorizing the General Treasurer to withdraw certain sums from the deposit fund. Passed as amended.

The House concurred in the amendments of the Senate in the act in addition to the several acts relating to the Providence and Pawtucket Turnpike; act in addition to the several acts in relation to the sale of real estate by Guardians; and an act to repeal the 2d section of an act in amendment of an act for the relief of poor persons imprisoned for debt.

Petition of Mary E. Morrison, Guardian, for leave to mortgage real estate. Granted.

Act relating to Blackstone Canal was then taken up. The several counsel addressed the House in behalf of the clients.

After some debate, the bill was postponed to to-morrow morning.

PROVIDENCE, Wednesday, Feb. 14.

SENATE.—Bill in addition to the act to prevent clandestine marriages. Reported by the Committee with amendments. Concurred with the House with amendments.

Bill in addition to an act in relation to Banks. Recommended by Committee.—Amended and concurred with House.

Resolution to amend the constitution, so as to provide for only two sessions of the Assembly hereafter, one at Newport and one at Providence. Laid on table.

Resolutions relative to Slavery in the Territories and the District of Columbia.

The resolutions were adopted separately and the whole were then concurred with.

HOUSE.—The act relating to the Blackstone Canal Company, was taken up.

Mr. Ames proceeded to state the grounds upon which the Committee went in reporting this bill. He concluded with a request that the bill should be taken up by sections in order that it might be amended so as to meet the views of the House. It was then taken up, amended and passed.

Report of the Committee determining the southern line of the Providence and Pawtucket turnpike, with accompanying resolution. Passed.

An act in amendment of an act entitled, "An act to prevent clandestine marriages." Passed and referred.

PROVIDENCE, Thursday, Feb. 15.
SENATE.—The bill relating to the Blackstone Canal was taken up.

HOUSE.—An act in addition to an act establishing Courts of Common Pleas.—Passed.

An act in amendment of an act to regulate the militia. House concurred with amendment of Senate.

Petition of R. H. Tracy and wife, for leave to appeal from report of Commissioners. Granted and act passed.

An act to repeal the act relating to the method of preferring petitions to the General Assembly. Passed.

An act in amendment of an act for laying out Highways. Passed and referred.

An act in addition to an act relating to Public Schools. Passed and referred.

Petition of Samuel Monroe, for discharge of recognizance. Granted.

Mr. Cranston introduced a resolution appointing a Committee to inquire into the expediency of appointing a State Auditor.

After considerable debate, the resolution passed, and the Committee appointed.

Petition of Palmer Tanner, for remission of fine and cost and liberation. Granted.

An act in amendment of an act entitled an act prescribing the form of writs and the manner of serving them. After a long discussion, the bill was laid upon the table.

Petition of James Smith, for remission of fine and costs and for liberation. Granted.

An act in amendment of an act entitled an act for laying out highways. Passed, rule suspended, second time read on same day and passed.

An act in addition to an act relating to public schools. Concurred.

An act in amendment of an act in relation to Banks. Non-concurred in first amendment, and concurred in second amendment.

An act in amendment of an act to prevent clandestine marriages. Concurred in the first and second sections of the amendments of the Senate, and non-concurred in the third section of the amendments.

Adjourned to Friday, 10 A. M.

THE CINCINNATI MURDER.—Mrs. Margaret Howard was committed to jail on the 6th instant, at Cincinnati, to take her trial for the murder of Mary Ellen Smith, alias Howard, on the night of the 2d. The evidence on the examination discloses a terrible picture of domestic misery. The immediate cause of the murder seems to have been a visit paid to Mrs. Howard's children by the father, Capt. John Howard, and Mrs. Smith, and the removal of the children from her. The husband of this Mrs. Smith is in the state prison. Mrs. Howard has worked long and hard for the support of her children, and the fear of losing them forever drove her to madness. After the murder, and surrender of herself to Marshal Hulse, she told him:

"I moved from Lodge street a few days ago; Capt. Howard told the people I was a woman of bad character; the women who kept the house told me the next day what Howard had said. I felt insulted and would not stay. I moved to Cutter street. Two or three days after I had been down there, I met a girl on the stairs who said, 'Are you Howard's wife or do you only pretend to be? Are you the woman I saw mentioned in the paper the other day as having a fuss about some children?' When the children were mentioned it set my brain on fire. I worked hard all next day making shirts, and at night dressed myself to go out. I could neither eat nor sleep till I knew what had become of my children. I went down to the place where Capt. H. boarded. They told me that Capt. H. was not in. I then asked for his lady, and said I wished to see her. She came down stairs. I said 'Are you Mrs. Howard?' She said 'Yes,' I answered, 'You dare to call yourself Mrs. Howard—I am Mrs. Howard.' With that she (deceased) reached forward to grasp me. You know the rest. No one knew what she had suffered. She had lived fifty years in four. He had driven her from house to house, he had tortured and dogged her, and told people that she was a woman of bad character, and such people would insult her. She had suffered so much her mind was gone."

FOR CALIFORNIA.—Two young men, brothers, James and Henry Thompson from Portland, Maine, left this city on Monday last, on their way to the gold region. To go on foot via Independence, taking with them only the common preparations for a hunting excursion—sending their goods by sea to San Francisco. They expect to reach California two months in advance of those who go with teams or pack mules.—Should

NEWPORT MERCURY,
NEWPORT.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1849.

We are indebted to the Hon. J. H. Clarke, and Hon. A. C. Greene, of the Senate, for valuable public documents; also to the Hon. Robert B. Cranston, for a valuable map of Oregon and California, from the survey of Col. Fremont.

REV. MR. HUNTINGTON, of Boston, lectured before the Association of Mechanics and Manufacturers, on Thursday evening. Subject, *Perfect Manhood*, and was listened to with great attention by a very large audience. He is one of the most popular lecturers before the public; and justly so, uniting ease of manner with a finished style and sound and instructive thoughts. He gave general satisfaction.

We understand that there will be two more lectures added to the course.

COASTING AND SLEIGHING, by daylight and moonlight, has been all the rage the past week. The former makes work for the tailor, and the latter for the blacksmith.

MURRAY HOUSE.—This well known and long established Hotel will shortly go into new hands, and will be under the superintendence of Mr. William B. Wilson, who will no doubt preserve untarnished the fame and good name of this resting place for travellers. Under the management of Mr. W., assisted by Mrs. Murray, (who has kept the house for many years,) we have no doubt but the Murray will continue to be a house of the first water.

THE HAND BOOK OF WHIST AND HAND BOOK OF CHESS.—We have received two neat little books by the above name, from Philadelphia. They will be found very useful to those who like these games, as they contain full directions for playing. Published by Appleton, 164 Chestnut street. See advertisement.

We perceive that Geo. C. Shaw, Esq., has been re-appointed Naval Officer of this port, and confirmed by the Senate.

THE "EMPORIUM."—This popular Grocery establishment, continues as successful as ever, and its enterprising proprietor takes the right course to make it more so. With his perseverance and most excellent system, he is able to sell first rate articles at the very lowest market prices. His attractive card in our columns to-day, enumerates some of the principle goods kept by him. People who advertise their goods, always sell them the quickest.

DR. WETTING, has commenced a course of lectures on Physiology, at the Atlantic House.

THE LAND OF GOLD.

The following persons sailed from this place on Thursday last in the ship *Audley Clarke* for California:—

William A. Coggeshall; George Vaughn; Isiah Crocker; Charles Cozzens; Levi Johnston; Ayrault W. Dennis; James H. Demarest; Oliver Carpenter; George Crandall; John H. Spooner; George J. Staigg; Michael Cottrell; Elisha P. Koryon; Joseph King; John C. Caswell; Benjamin Augustus Sayer; Stephen R. Goff; Thomas Cranston; Weld Hatch; Aaron F. Dyer; Jacob Lake; Robert P. Clarke; George W. Langley; John Tompkins; Joseph Southwick, Jr.; John S. Hudson; William Welsh; Benjamin Cozzens; William H. Fludder; Thomas Barlow; John H. Cox; Joseph M. Riggs; Joseph P. Barker; John Freeborn; William Weiser; Hiram C. Harrington; William E. Dennis; Irving H. Knowles; Charles B. Clark; William H. White; William T. Dennis; Charles Fales; Robert Graham; George H. Wheaton; Josiah M. Barstow; George W. Babcock; George B. Slocum; John Y. McKenzie; William Stevens, 3d; Edwin Chambers; Moses A. Lewis; Amos T. Whitford; Zachariah Chaffee; Cornelius E. Cummings; Richard Barstow; Frederick A. Murphy; James M. K. Southwick; Samuel Young; Freeman M. Hoxie; George H. Tilley; Joseph M. Lyon; Nathaniel F. Wardwell; Edson Stewart; Joseph W. Arnold; George Bekky; William K. Lawton; Arnold Pierce; Jeremiah C. Bliss; Samuel B. Friend; Benjamin Brown.

OFFICERS.—William A. Coggeshall, President; Aaron F. Dyer, Treasurer; George W. Langley, Secretary.

DIRECTORS.—William A. Coggeshall; George Vaughn; Isiah Crocker; Charles Cozzens; A. W. Dennis; James H. Demarest.

STEWARDS.—Ayrault W. Dennis, Captain; Charles Cozzens, first mate; George B. Slocum, second mate.

STEWARDS AND COOKS.—William W. Morris; Benjamin Malbone; William H. Gardiner; Oliver Hazard.

FIRE.—A fire broke out, on Monday night, in the house owned by James Atkinson, Esq., and occupied by Mr. S. S. Eastman. The fire was discovered about 12 o'clock, bursting through the wood-work around the kitchen chimney; it is supposed that the soot took fire and caught some of the large timbers around the chimney, which is a very large old fashioned one. The roaring aroused Mr. Eastman, and was discovered by the Watch about the same time. Through the alacrity and energy of the firemen and citizens, it was soon extinguished without material damage. The night was intensely cold, and the streets clogged with snow. Had not the fire been discovered as it was, the consequences would have been fearfully serious, as it would have been almost impossible to have worked the engines.—*Nes.*

The bank of Vienna has borrowed ten millions of francs from the Rothschilds.

The Charleston races commenced Feb. 7. Boston, that beat Fashion, and Shark, one of the most promising horses in the Union, were entered for the jockey club purse, \$1000.

Boston took the purse.

The total number of houses erected in Philadelphia during the year past was 3046.

MILLER, the forger, was sentenced in the Supreme Court in Boston on Monday to three days solitary confinement and to the State Prison for nine years at hard labor. Thus, says the Transcript, has terminated one of the most important trials which has ever occupied the attention of our Courts. The swindle amounted to something more than \$60,000.

George S. Duell, Tax Collector of West Brookfield, and Deputy Sheriff of Worcester County, has departed suddenly for California, by ship, from New York, taking about \$1200 belonging to the town, and a large amount collected on execution.

A SINGULAR MALADY is prevailing in the neighborhood of Uniontown, Pa., and has caused 20 deaths out of fifty cases in two weeks. Its ravages are mainly among the young. It is supposed to be cholera, but the symptoms as described differ widely from that disease.

George S. Duell, Tax Collector of West Brookfield, and Deputy Sheriff of Worcester County, has departed suddenly for California, by ship, from New York, taking about \$1200 belonging to the town, and a large amount collected on execution.

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BRIGHTON MARKET, Thursday, Feb. 15.

At market during the week, 525 Beef Cattle, 1800 Sheep and 125 Swine.

PRICES.
Beef Cattle.—A few Extra \$7; First quality \$6.50 a 6 7 1/2; second 5 7 1/2 a \$6.25; third \$5.25.
Sheep.—Western stall fed \$3.30, 3 40, 4 50 and \$5 in quality. One lot of 40 Cosseds fed by B. McNeil, of Carlyle, Scholario Co., N. Y., taken at \$1 a head; one lot from Connecticut River at \$1 per head; Northern \$1.50 a \$2, as in quality.
Swine.—But few sales made, and those at retail 4 1/2 a \$5c.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Whig Nominations.

FOR GOVERNOR,
HENRY B. ANTHONY, of Providence.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
THOMAS WHIPPLE, of Coventry.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,
CHRISTOPHER E. ROBBINS, of Newport.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,
JOSEPH M. BLAKE, of Bristol.

FOR GENERAL TREASURER,
STEPHEN CAHOONE, of Newport.

FOR MEMBERS OF CONGRESS.

EASTERN DISTRICT,
GEORGE G. KING, of Newport.

WESTERN DISTRICT,
SYLVESTER G. SHEARMAN, of N. Kingstown.

JOB PRINTING.

In its various branches,
Executed with new and fashionable type, and on the most reasonable terms, at the MERCURY OFFICE, No. 123 Thames street.

MARRIAGES.

In this town, on Sunday morning last, by the Rev. Mr. Othman, Mr. WILLIAM STEVENS, 3d, to Miss JANE F., eldest daughter of Mr. Henry J. Hudson, all of this place.

In this town, on Monday morning, by Rev. Dr. Choules, Mr. GEORGE TAYLOR, of Fall River, to Miss PAMELA HALL, of this place.

In this town, on Wednesday evening last, by the Rev. Charles T. Brooks, Mr. AUGUSTUS GARDNER, to Miss SARAH A., youngest daughter of the late Solomon G. Weaver, Esq., all of this place.

In Stonington, 6th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Wiley, Mr. ABRAHAM F. THOMAS, of New Bedford, to Miss CAROLINE A., daughter of Charles C. Burdick, of this town.

In New York, on the 8th, by the Rev. Dr. Taylor, WILLIAM PRESTON GRIFFIN, Esq., U.S.N., to Miss CHRISTINE KEAN, of New York.

DEATHS.

In this town on Thursday last, Mr. ASA SHAW, in the 84th year of his age. Funeral this afternoon, at 2 o'clock, from his house in Broad street, which friends and relations are requested to attend.

In this town, yesterday afternoon, after a long and painful illness, which she bore with Christian fortitude and resignation, Mrs. SARAH ANN, wife of Robert D. Coggeshall, and only daughter of Mr. Benjamin Hunt, aged 28 years.

At Portsmouth, on Tuesday last, Mr. DAVID ALBRO, aged about 78 years, Mrs. TALMAN, widow of Mr. John Talman, aged about 80 years.

In Providence, on the 9th, Mr. FREDERICK C. ROSS, aged 29 years; ANN ELIZA, daughter of Welcome Angell, in the 21st year of her age; 11th, Capt. ABRAHAM SMITH, in the 81st year of his age; 15th, Miss SARAH F. CHADWELL, daughter of William Chadwell of Lynn, Mass., aged 28 years; JACOB HADENBERG, in the 31st year of his age; 14th, Mr. STEPHEN TRIPP, aged 73 years.

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"SOW THAT YOU MAY REAP."

THE
"EMPORIUM."

William Newton's
SPACIOUS
GROCERY ESTABLISHMENT,
Old stand, (formerly 150) No. 98 and 100
Thames Street, new number, opposite Ham-
mond's Block.

CONSTANTLY ON HAND, AN EXTENSIVE
—STOCK OF—

Choice Teas, Foreign Fruit, Wines,
Segars and Groceries,

Selected expressly for FAMILY USE, which
are offered for sale in quantities to suit pur-
chasers at the very LOWEST prices.

Goods sent to any part of the town free of
expense. [Feb. 17.]

BLEACHED & UNBLEACHED
Cottons,
LINEN TABLE COVERS,
WHITE LINENS,
AS LOW as can be bought in this place, at
JAMES H. HAMMETT'S.

MR. YOUNG

WOULD inform his Friends and the Public
generally, that he has constantly on hand
the largest and most extensive assortment of
CANDIES and CONFECTIONARY to be found
in any establishment in Rhode Island, and will
sell at wholesale or retail at prices that will dis-
tance all competitors. PARK SALOON.
Feb. 17, 1849.

To Farmers.

THE Lodi Manufacturing Co. (incorporated
by the Legislature of New Jersey in 1840,
capital \$75,000,) are now prepared to furnish
their customers and farmers generally with "New
and Improved POWDERETTE," freshly manu-
factured, and of unusual strength.

Their arrangements are completed for obtain-
ing much larger quantities of night soil than
heretofore, their works have been enlarged to four
times their former capacity, and they hope to be
always prepared to supply orders promptly.

The L. M. Co. guarantee that every barrel or
bushel they sell shall contain 66 per cent night
soil.

The low price at which this article is sold, the
small quantity used, (owing to its powerful in-
gredients,) the ease with which it is transported
and applied, being a dry inoffensive powder, and
the powerful stimulus it gives to vegetation, rank
it as the most economical manure a farmer can
use upon corn, peas, onions, cabbages, early ra-
dishes, grape vines, &c. The difference in labor
between barn-yard or horse manure, will more
than pay for the Powderette, its application and
transportation. 8 bushels or 2 barrels will ma-
nure an acre of corn in the hill.

Prices.—1 Bbl. \$2.00; 1/2 Bbl. \$3.50; 3 Bbls.
\$5.00; and over 6 Bbls. \$1.50 per Bbl. delivered
free of all expense on board of vessel in New
York. Orders accompanied by remittance prompt-
ly filled. Apply by letter, (post paid) to the
"Lodi Manufacturing Co." 51 Liberty St., New
York. [Feb. 17, 1849.—2m.]

Purse Twist, Steel Beads,
RINGS and TASSALS,
Combs, Brushes, &c.
At JAMES H. HAMMETT'S.
Feb. 17, 1849.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber is in want of a good Farmer
to take charge of his Farm in Middletown,
and to manage the same. Please call on
STEPHEN T. NORTHAM,
or JOHN D. NORTHAM.
Feb. 17, 1849.—1f.

TO LET,

and possession given immediately.

A SHOP, situated in Ports-
mouth, near Mitchell's Mill, formerly
occupied by Samuel Heath, as a
Wheelwright Shop. Also, a lot
of Land containing about 34 acres of good land at
the north part of Newport, belonging to the heirs
of the late Peter Chase. For terms enquire of
JAMES CHASE.
Portsmouth, Feb. 17, 1849.

New Patterns of Prints.

JUST RECEIVED and for sale by
JAMES H. HAMMETT.
Feb. 17.

Guardian's Notice.

THE Subscriber has been appointed by the
Court of Probate of the town of Newport,
guardian of the person and estate of
ELIZABETH MAYN,
of said Newport, widow, of full age, adjudged by
said Court wanting in discretion in managing her
estate. The creditors of my said ward are hereby
notified to exhibit their claims within six
months from the date hereof to
W. D. SOUTHWICK, Guardian.
Newport, Feb. 17, 1849.—6w.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

THE subscriber having been appointed Ad-
ministrator on the estate of
JACOB SHERMAN,
late of Middletown, decd., and having qualified
himself as the law directs, hereby requests all
persons having claims against said estate, to pre-
sent the same for settlement, and also all persons
indebted to said estate to make immediate pay-
ment to ISAAC A. SHERMAN, Adm'r.
Middletown, Feb. 15, 1849.

EXECUTORS NOTICE.

THE subscriber, Executor of the last will and
testament of
GIFEE THURSTON,
late of Newport, colored woman, widow, decd.,
having given bond to the Court of Probate, as
the law directs, which will be duly proved before
the Court of Probate of Newport, requests all
persons having claims against said estate to pre-
sent them to Mr. Isaac Gould, my agent, and all
persons indebted to said estate are requested to
pay said Isaac Gould.
C. ROBINSON WEEBEN, Executor.
Newport, Feb. 17, 1849.

REMNANTS LAWN.

A LARGE LOT of remnants fine printed lawns
and muslins, in pieces from one to five yds.
long, for sale at the low price of 12 1/2 cents, and
some even less, at
WM. C. COZZENS & CO.,
—ALSO—

During the month of February, extra at-
tention will be paid to collecting together, re-
manents, and unfashionable articles, that cost too
high, and offering them at less than auction
prices. [Feb. 16.]

FOR THREE WEEKS,

From the first day of February 1849.

JAMES HAMMOND

WILL SELL AT AUCTION PRICES, (cost
or less,) for Cash, his present stock of Dry
Goods, Books and Paper Hangings.
Feb. 3.

CLOTHING,
AT THE
United States
WHOLESALE CLOTHING WAREHOUSE.

LEWIS & HANFORD,
Nos. 252 and 256 Pearl Street,
(Between Fulton street and Burling Slip.)
NEW YORK.

HAVE ON HAND THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF
CLOTHING
IN THE
UNITED STATES,
IN THE ARTICLE OF
SHIRTS & DRAWERS,
We keep an endless variety.

ALSO THE MOST EXTENSIVE MANUFACTURERS OF
OIL CLOTHING
AND
Covered Hats
In the World.

PLAIN AND FASHIONABLE CLOTHING,
Of all kinds.
LEWIS & HANFORD,
Nos. 252 and 256 Pearl street.
Feb. 10, 1848.—2m.

Commissioner's Notice

THE Hon. Court of Probate of the Town of
Newport, having extended the Commission on
the estate of
FEELOVE JAMES,
late of Newport, decd. for one month, from this
date, the Commissioners on said estate will meet
at the office of Milton Hall, Esq., to act on such
claims as may be presented to them, against said
estate, on SATURDAY the 10th of March next,
at 2 o'clock, P. M.

PETER P. REMINGTON,
MILTON HALL,
JOHN W. DAVIS,
Newport, Feb. 5, 1849. } Commissioners.

Paper Hangings.

BORDERS, Window Papers, &c., at the very
lowest prices, always on hand at
Feb. 10.] WM. C. COZZENS & CO.

DRESS GOODS—CHEAP.

ALPACCAS; plaid striped and plain; Plaid
Worsted; Cashmere and Mouselin de laines,
and various other styles of Dress Goods, at a very
reduced price at WM. C. COZZENS & CO.
Feb. 10, 1849.

CHEAP COTTONS.

BROWN COTTON, 25 yards for one dollar.
do do do 20 " " " "
Yard wide do do 20 " " " "

Also, a large variety of Unbleached and
bleached Shirtings, at very low prices.
Feb. 10.] WM. C. COZZENS & CO.

At a Court of Probate of the Town of Newport
held February 5, 1849.

PETER P. REMINGTON, guardian of JOHN
B. CLARK, of Newport, (a person of full
age,) presents his guardianship account on his
estate for allowance.

The same is read, received and referred for con-
sideration to a Court of Probate to be held at the
Town Hall in Newport, on the first Monday
in March next, at 9 o'clock, A. M., and notice is or-
dered to be given thereof by advertisement for
3 successive weeks, in the *Newport Mercury*, that all
persons interested may appear at said time and
place and be heard.
B. B. HOWLAND, Probate Clerk.

Court of Probate, of Newport, holden Feb. 5,
1849.

UPON the petition of P. P. Remington, guar-
dian of John B. Clarke, of Newport, (a per-
son of full age) representing that the personal es-
tate of his said ward, is insufficient to pay the
debts and Court expenses of said Clarke, and
praying that he may be authorized and empow-
ered in his said capacity of guardian to sell at
public auction, all the right, title and interest of
his said ward, in and to a lot of land in the South
part of the town of Newport, bounded Southerly
on Perry street, Easterly on land of Charles
E. Hammett, Northerly on land of N. B. Ham-
mett and the late N. S. Ruggles, and Westerly on
land of John Spooner, W. Mansfield, and others;
or so much thereof as will be sufficient to raise
said sum with incidental expenses.

The same is read, received, and referred for con-
sideration to a Court of Probate to be held at the
Town Hall, in Newport, on the first Monday
in March next, at 9 o'clock, A. M., and notice is or-
dered to be given thereof by advertisement for
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